## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Amounts as of June 30, 2021)



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**Financial Section** 



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

Board of Trustees North County Cemetery District Escondido, California

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the North County Cemetery District (District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Jeff Nigro, CPA, CFE | Elizabeth Nigro, CPA | Shannon Bishop, CPA | Peter Glenn, CPA, CFE | Paul J. Kaymark, CPA

MURRIETA OFFICE 25220 Hancock Avenue, Suite 400, Murrieta, CA 92562 • P: (951) 698-8783 • F: (951) 699-1064 WALNUT CREEK OFFICE 2121 N. California Blvd. Suite 290, Walnut Creek, CA 94596 • P: (844) 557-3111 • F: (844) 557-3444 www.nncpas.com • Licensed by the California Board of Accountancy

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing* Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Prior-Year Comparative Information**

The financial statements include partial prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, from which such partial information was derived.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards,* we have also issued a separate report dated August 31, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Murrieta, California August 31, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

This discussion and analysis of the North County Cemetery District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

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- The net position of the District increased by \$682,305, or 4.2% during the fiscal year as a result of current operations.
- Governmental expenses were \$2,286,309, and revenues were \$2,968,614.
- The District purchased new capital assets during the year in the amount of \$35,726. Depreciation expense was \$153,304.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts – management discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- District-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
  - The governmental funds statements tell how basic services, like interment services, were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

(The District has elected to report these financial statements in a combined format.)

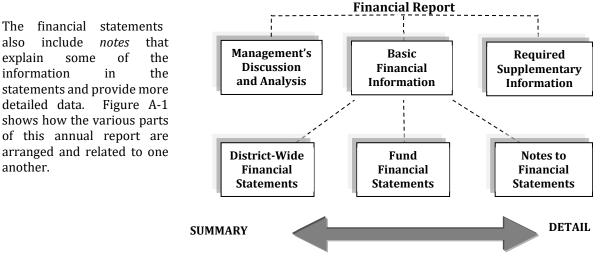


Figure A-1. Organization of the North County Cemetery District's Annual

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial	Statements
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Type of Statements	District-Wide	Governmental Fund
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary
Required financial statements	<ul> <li>Statement of Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance Sheet</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures &amp; Changes in Fund Balances</li> </ul>
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)**

#### **District-Wide Statements**

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health, or *position*.

- Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's demographics and the condition of buildings and other facilities.
- In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are categorized as *Governmental Activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as cemetery interment and administration. State and local programs finance most of these activities.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by State law and by granter requirements.

The District has four funds as follows:

General Fund Special Revenue – Pre-Need Fund Capital Projects Fund Permanent Fund – Endowment Fund

#### **Combined Reporting**

For special purpose governments engaged in a single governmental program, the fund financial statements and the government-wide statements may be combined using a columnar format that reconciles individual line items of fund financial data to government-wide data in a separate column on the face of the financial statements rather than in an accompanying schedule. The District has elected to report its financial statements in this format.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### Analysis of Net Position

**Net position.** The net position of the District increased by \$682,305, or 4.2% during the fiscal year . (See Tables A-1 and A-2).

#### **Table A-1 Condensed Statement of Net Position**

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Change
Assets:			
Current assets	\$ 2,466,678	\$ 2,027,838	\$ 438,840
Restricted assets	11,350,439	11,112,804	237,635
Capital assets, net	3,556,544	3,613,795	(57,251)
Total assets	17,373,661	16,754,437	619,224
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities	287,203	251,539	35,664
Non-current liabilities	782,091	941,163	(159,072)
Total liabilities	1,069,294	1,192,702	(123,408)
Net position:			
Investment in capital assets	2,648,531	2,537,546	110,985
Restricted	11,350,439	11,112,804	237,635
Unrestricted	2,245,070	1,911,385	333,685
Total net position	\$ 16,244,040	\$ 15,561,735	\$ 682,305

#### Changes in net position, governmental activities.

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District shows a positive balance in its unrestricted net position of \$2,245,070. The increase of the investment in capital assets represents the amount of capital asset additions over depreciation expense. The restricted assets increased because of the increase in pre-need service revenue and endowment fees.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### Analysis of Revenues and Expenses

#### **Table A-2 Condensed Statement of Activities**

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	Change
Program revenues	\$ 2,074,718	\$ 2,360,448	\$ (285,730)
Expenses	(2,286,309)	(1,902,361)	(383,948)
Net program expense	(211,591)	458,087	(669,678)
General revenues	893,896	1,212,891	(318,995)
Change in net position	682,305	1,670,978	(988,673)
Net position:			
Beginning of year	15,561,735	13,890,757	1,670,978
End of year	\$ 16,244,040	\$ 15,561,735	\$ 682,305

The statement of activities shows how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. In the case of the District, the operations of the District increased by \$682,305.

#### Table A-3: Total Revenues

			Increase
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	(Decrease)
Program revenues:			
Charges for services – interment services	\$ 1,803,558	\$ 2,042,928	\$ (239,370)
Endowment care fees	271,160	317,520	(46,360)
Total program revenues	2,074,718	2,360,448	(285,730)
General revenues:			
Property taxes	941,445	892,531	48,914
Redevelopment taxes	298,642	285,257	13,385
Rental income	-	18,000	(18,000)
Investment earnings	(346,191)	17,103	(363,294)
Total general revenues	893,896	1,212,891	(318,995)
Total revenues	\$ 2,968,614	\$ 3,573,339	\$ (604,725)

The District's total revenues decreased 16.92% or \$604,725. The decrease is due primarily to the decreased interment service revenue, endowment care fees, and investment earnings.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### Analysis of Revenues and Expenses (continued)

#### **Table A-4: Total Expenses**

	Jun	ne 30, 2022	Jun	e 30, 2021	ncrease ecrease)
Expenses:					
Salaries and wages	\$	988,842	\$	944,145	\$ 44,697
Employee benefits		212,252		179,514	32,738
Materials and services		883,870		645,826	238,044
Interest expense		48,041		18,413	29,628
Depreciation expense		153,304		114,463	 38,841
Total expenses	\$	2,286,309	\$	1,902,361	\$ 383,948

Total expenses for the District's operations increased by 20.18% or \$383,948 from the prior year.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a fund balance of \$13,623,263, which is above last year's ending fund balance of \$13,057,163.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

While the District's final General Fund budget anticipated that expenditures would exceed revenues by \$540,000, the actual results for the year show that revenue exceeded expenditures by \$289,812. Actual revenues were \$574,308 greater than anticipated, and expenditures were \$255,504 less than budgeted.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Table A-5: Capital Assets at Year End, Net of Depreciation

	Balance	Balance
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Capital assets:		
Non-depreciable assets	\$ 2,591,506	\$ 2,645,331
Depreciable assets	6,956,910	6,867,359
Accumulated depreciation	(6,052,199)	(5,898,895)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 3,496,217	\$ 3,613,795

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (continued)

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of fiscal year 2021-22 the District had invested \$3,496,217 in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. (More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements). Total depreciation expense for the year was \$153,304.

#### **Table A-6: Debt Service**

	Balance		Balance Bala	
	June 30, 2022		Jur	ne 30, 2021
Long-term debt:				
Loan payable	\$	847,686	\$	1,076,249
Total long-term debt	\$	847,686	\$	1,076,249

#### **Debt Administration**

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District paid-down its loan payable by \$228,563. See Note 6 for further information on the District's outstanding debt.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING CURRENT AND FUTURE FINANCIAL POSITION

Management is unaware of any item that would affect the District's current financial position.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Manager – 2640 Glen Ridge Road, Escondido, CA 92027 – (760) 745-1781.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Information as of June 30, 2021)

ASSETS	2022	2021
Current assets:		
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 2,458,093	\$ 2,021,501
Accrued interest receivable	2,532	2,420
Property taxes receivable	6,053	3,917
Total current assets	2,466,678	2,027,838
Non-current assets:		
Restricted:	11 256 111	10 007 277
Cash and investments (note 2 and 3)	11,256,111	10,997,377
Accrued interest receivable (note 3)	34,001 60,327	34,143 81,284
Accounts receivable (note 3) Capital assets – not being depreciated (note 4)	2,591,506	2,645,331
Capital assets, net – being depreciated (note 4)	2,391,300 904,711	2,045,551 968,464
Total non-current assets	14,846,656	14,726,599
Total assets	17,313,334	16,754,437
<u>LIABILITIES</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	193,854	83,479
Long-term liabilities – due in one year:		
Compensated absences (note 5)	13,877	16,487
Loan payable (note 6)	79,472	151,573
Total current liabilities	287,203	251,539
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term liabilities – due in more than one year:		
Compensated absences (note 5)	13,877	16,487
Loan payable (note 6)	768,214	924,676
Total noncurrent liabilities	782,091	941,163
Total liabilities	1,069,294	1,192,702
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets (note 7)	2,648,531	2,537,546
Restricted (note 3)	11,350,439	11,112,804
Unrestricted	2,245,070	1,911,385
Total net position	\$ 16,244,040	\$ 15,561,735

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 (With Comparative Information for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021)

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>			
	2022	2021		
Expenses:				
Cemetery operations:				
Salaries and wages	\$ 988,842	\$ 944,145		
Employee benefits	212,252	179,514		
Materials and services	883,870	645,826		
Interest expense	48,041	18,413		
Depreciation expense	153,304	114,463		
Total expenses	2,286,309	1,902,361		
Program revenues:				
Charges for services:				
Interment space sales, interment services and other sales	1,803,558	2,042,928		
Endowment care fees	271,160	317,520		
Total program revenues	2,074,718	2,360,448		
Net program expense	(211,591)	458,087		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	941,445	892,531		
Redevelopment taxes	298,642	285,257		
Rental income	-	18,000		
Investment earnings	(346,191)	17,103		
Total general revenues	893,896	1,212,891		
Change in net position	682,305	1,670,978		
Net position:				
Beginning of year	15,561,735	13,890,757		
End of year	\$ 16,244,040	\$ 15,561,735		

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022

<u>ASSETS</u>	General <u>ASSETS</u> Fund		Special <u>Revenue</u> Capital Pre-Need Projects Fund Fund			Projects	ts Endowment			Total Governmental Funds		
Assets:												
Cash and investments Accrued interest receivable Restricted:	\$	1,718,057 1,470	\$	-	\$	740,036 1,062	\$	-	\$	2,458,093 2,532		
Cash and investments Accrued interest receivable Accounts receivable		- - -		6,110,583 18,143 60,327		- -		5,145,528 15,858 -		11,256,111 34,001 60,327		
Property taxes receivable Total assets	\$	6,053 1,725,580	\$	6,189,053	\$	741,098	\$	5,161,386	\$	6,053 13,817,117		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u> </u>	1,728,888	<u> </u>	0,107,000	<u> </u>	, 11,000	Ψ	5,101,500	Ψ	10,017,117		
Liabilities: Accounts payable	¢	154,665	\$		\$	39.189	\$		\$	193,854		
Total liabilities		154,665	<u> </u>	-	φ	39,189	<u>ф</u>	-	<u>.</u>	193,854		
Fund balance: (note 8) Restricted		-		6,189,053		-		5,161,386		11,350,439		
Committed Assigned Unassigned		- 79,472 1,491,443		-		701,909 -		-		701,909 79,472 1,491,443		
Total fund balance		1,570,915		6,189,053		701,909		5,161,386		13,623,263		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,725,580	\$	6,189,053	\$	741,098	\$	5,161,386	\$	13,817,117		

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*Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022* 

Fund Balance of Governmental Funds	\$ 13,623,263
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. However, the statement of net position includes those assets as capital assets.	3,496,217
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long- term, are reported in the statement of net position as follows:	
Compensated absences Loan payable	(27,754) (847,686)
Total adjustments	2,620,777
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 16,244,040

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Fund	Special <u>Revenue</u> Pre-Need Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Permanent Fund Endowment Care	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 941,445	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 941,445		
Redevelopment taxes	298,642	-	-	-	298,642		
Charges for services:							
Interment space sales and services	1,096,470	707,088	-	-	1,803,558		
Endowment care fees	-	-	-	271,160	271,160		
Rental income	-	-	-	-	-		
Investment earnings	(30,949)	(167,516)	(70,089)	(77,637)	(346,191)		
Total revenues	2,305,608	539,572	(70,089)	193,523	2,968,614		
Expenditures:							
Current operations:							
Salaries and wages	994,062	-	-	-	994,062		
Employee benefits	212,252	-	-	-	212,252		
Materials and services	809,482	-	74,388	-	883,870		
Capital outlay		-	35,726	-	35,726		
Debt service:					-		
Principal paid	-	-	228,563	-	228,563		
Interest paid			48,041		48,041		
Total expenditures	2,015,796		386,718		2,402,514		
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	289,812	539,572	(456,807)	193,523	566,100		
Other financing sources(uses):							
Transfers in/(out) (note 9)	(201,204)	(495,460)	696,664				
Change in fund balance	88,608	44,112	239,857	193,523	566,100		
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year	1,482,307	6,144,941	462,052	4,967,863	13,057,163		
End of year	\$ 1,570,915	\$ 6,189,053	\$ 701,909	\$ 5,161,386	\$ 13,623,263		

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Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	\$ 566,100
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	35,726 (153,304)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenses in governmental funds as follows:	
Net change in compensated absences	5,220
Principal repayments Total adjustments	 228,563 116,205
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 682,305

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Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Description of Organization

The North County Cemetery District (District) is a public cemetery district operating under the provisions of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California. The District was formed effective July 1, 1984, as a merger of the Escondido and San Marcos Cemetery Districts. The District is governed by a Board of Trustees (Board) that acts as the authoritative body of the entity. The Board is comprised of five members appointed by the San Diego County Board of Supervisors. Each member serves a term of four years; there are no term limits for reappointment. Board members may receive up to \$100 per meeting compensation for attending monthly and any special meetings, up to a maximum of four meetings per month.

The Officers of the Board of Trustees shall be the Chairperson of the Board, the Vice Chairperson of the Board, and the Secretary of the Board. The Chairperson and Vice Chairperson shall be trustees. The Secretary may be either a trustee or a district employee. The positions which are held by Trustees shall have the same rights as the other members of the Board in voting, introducing motions, resolutions, ordinances, and any discussion of questions that follow said actions. These positions of Chairperson and Vice Chairperson will be rotated annually with the Vice Chairperson replacing the Chairperson effective January 1 of each year. Rotation through the positions will be by seniority as a Trustee of the District, with the most senior Trustee serving as the Chairperson initially. The Trustee with the next most seniority would serve as the Vice Chairperson. Each Trustee would then rotate through the positions in the order of seniority. The Chairperson responsibilities are to preside at all meetings of the Board and perform all duties commonly incident to the position of presiding office of a board, commission, or business organization.

#### **B.** Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District has identified no organizations that are required to be reported as component units.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (continued)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### Major Governmental Funds:

The District maintains only the following governmental funds:

**General Fund.** The general fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of a District's activities are reported in the general fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one general fund.

**Special Revenue – Pre-Need Fund.** The Pre-Need Fund was established to account for the proceeds from "pre-need" activities that are restricted or committed to the financing of pre-need burial services which compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund.

**Capital Projects Fund.** Capital Projects Fund was established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Additionally, the debt service for any long-term financing is accounted for in this fund.

**Endowment (Permanent) Fund.** The Endowment Fund is used to account for resources received from endowment fees collected pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 9065 that are restricted to the extent that earnings, but not principal, may be used for purposes that support the upkeep of the District's grounds.

#### 2. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

#### **Government-Wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting (continued)

#### 2. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

#### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

#### 3. Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

#### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash equivalents. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

#### 2. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value except for short-term investments, which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value. Investments in governmental investment pools are reported at fair value based on the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

In accordance with fair value measurements, the District categorizes its assets and liabilities measured at fair value into a three-level hierarchy based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique used to determine fair value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used in the determination of the fair value measurement fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (continued)

#### 2. Investments (continued)

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the balance sheet are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

*Level 1* – Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical investments, such as stocks, corporate and government bonds. The District has the ability to access the holding and quoted prices as of the measurement date.

*Level 2* – Inputs, other than quoted prices, that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs from markets that are not considered to be active.

*Level 3* – Inputs that are unobservable. Unobservable inputs reflect the District's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment, and is based on the best information available in the circumstances.

#### 3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs or deposits applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost or at their estimated fair value at date of donation. It is the District's policy to capitalize assets costing over \$5,000. The provision for depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated service lives of the capital assets.

Estimated service lives for the District's classes of assets are as follows:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and Site Improvements	7-50 years
Equipment	5-20 years

#### 5. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and vacation leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

#### NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (continued)

#### 6. Net Position

Net position is classified into three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
- **Restricted** This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted net position** This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### 7. Fund Balances

The fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

**Nonspendable**: Fund balance is reported as nonspendable when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories and prepaid assets.

**Restricted**: Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provision or by enabling legislation.

**Committed**: The District's highest decision-making level of authority rests with the District's Board. Fund balance is reported as committed when the Board passes a resolution that places specified constraints on how resources may be used. The Board can modify or rescind a commitment of resources through passage of a new resolution.

**Assigned**: Resources that are constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent may be expressed by either the Board, committees (such as budget or finance), or officials to which the Board has delegated authority.

#### **NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)**

# D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (continued)

#### 8. Fund Balances (continued)

**Unassigned**: Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned and may be utilized by the District for any purpose. When expenditures are incurred, and both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources in the order of committed, assigned, and then unassigned, as they are needed.

#### E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### F. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, each year. Secured property taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments, on December 10 and April 10. The County of San Diego County Assessor's Office assesses all real and personal property within the County each year.

Property tax in California is levied in accordance with Article 13A of the State Constitution at one (1%) of countywide assessed valuations. The San Diego County Treasurer's Office remits an undisclosed portion of the one (1%) current and delinquent property tax collections to the District throughout the year.

#### G. Budgetary Accounting

An annual unappropriated budget, which establishes the total spending authority for the General Fund, is adopted by the Board of Directors just prior to the beginning of the District's fiscal year. Estimated revenue is the original estimate with modifications for new programs which are anticipated to be received during the fiscal year. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Appropriations for the General Fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The Board of Trustees may authorize amendments to the budget during the year as deemed necessary. Budgeted amounts were not amended for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments at June 30, 2022 on the statement of net position consisted of the following:

Description	 Balance			
Cash and investments	\$ 2,458,093			
Restricted cash and investments	 11,256,111			
Total cash and investments	\$ 13,714,204			

Cash and investments at June 30, 2022, are reported at fair value and consisted of the following:

Description	 Balance		
Demand deposits with financial institutions	\$ 518,919		
Deposits with San Diego County Treasury Investment Pool (SDCTIP)	9,105,570		
Investments	 4,089,715		
Total cash and investments	\$ 13,714,204		

#### **Demand Deposits**

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's demand deposits was \$518,919 and the financial institutions balances totaled \$523,823. The \$4,904 net difference represents outstanding checks, deposits-in-transit and/or other reconciling items.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institutions. In addition, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits.

#### San Diego County Treasury Investment Pool (SDCTIP)

The District is a voluntary participant in the San Diego County Treasury Investment Pool (SDCTIP)pursuant to Government Code Section 53694. The cash flow needs of participants are monitored daily to ensure that sufficient liquidity is maintained to meet the needs of those participants. At the time deposits are made, the San Diego County Treasurer may require the depositing entity to provide annual cash flow projections or an anticipated withdrawal schedule for deposits in excess of \$1 million. Projections are performed no less than semi-annually. In accordance with Government Code Section 27136, all request for withdrawal of funds for the purpose of investing or deposits the funds elsewhere shall be evaluated to ensure the proposed withdrawal will not adversely affect the principal deposits of the other participants. Pool detail may be obtained from the Treasurer-Tax Collector – San Diego Administration Center – 1600 Pacific Hwy, Room 162 – San Diego, CA 92101 or the Treasurer and Tax Collector's office website at www.sdttc.com.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### Investments

Investments as of June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

								Maturity		
Type of Investments	Measurement Credit Input Rating		Fair Value		12 Months or Less		13 to 24 Months		25 to 120 Months	
Certificates-of-deposit	Level 2	N/A	\$	1,434,420	\$	897,908	\$	310,809	\$	225,703
Corporate and other bonds	Level 2	AAA to A-		1,196,765		-		603,284		593,481
Government sponsored agency securities	Level 2	AAA to A-		1,397,197		99,396		130,446		1,167,355
Money market mutrual funds	Level 2	N/A		61,333		61,333		-		-
<b>Total investments</b>			\$	4,089,715	\$	1,058,637	\$	1,044,539	\$	1,986,539

#### Authorized Investments and Investment Policy

The District has adopted an investment policy directing the District Manager to deposit funds in financial institutions to purchases financial investments in accordance with California Government Code 53600-53610.

#### Fair Value Measurement Input

The District categorizes its fair value measurement inputs within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The District has presented its measurement inputs as noted in the previous table.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the fair values of investments with longer maturities have greater sensitivity to changes in market interest rates. The District's investment policy follows the Code as it relates to limits on investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District has elected to use the segmented time distribution method of disclosure for the maturities of its investments as related to interest rate risk as noted in the previous table.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk – Investments**

The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Code and the District's investment policy contain legal and policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools.

June 30, 2022

#### NOTE 3 – RESTRICTED ASSETS AND RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted assets as of June 30, 2022, were categorized as follows:

Description	Balance			
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	11,256,111		
Accrued interest receivable		34,001		
Accounts receivable		60,327		
Total restricted assets	\$	11,350,439		
Restricted net position:				
Nonexpendable – endowment principal	\$	4,028,469		
Expendable – endowment care – maintenance and operations		1,132,917		
Expendable – pre-need funding		6,189,053		
Total restricted net position	\$	11,350,439		

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021	Additions/ Transfers	Deletions/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2022
Non-depreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 2,591,506	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,591,506
Construction-in-progress	53,825		(53,825)	
Total non-depreciable capital assets	2,645,331		(53,825)	2,591,506
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings and site improvements	6,150,421	-	-	6,150,421
Equipment	716,938	89,551		806,489
Total depreciable capital assets	6,867,359	89,551		6,956,910
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and site improvements	(5,445,687)	(120,590)	-	(5,566,277)
Equipment	(453,208)	(32,714)		(485,922)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,898,895)	(153,304)		(6,052,199)
Total depreciable capital assets, net	968,464	(63,753)		904,711
Total capital assets, net	\$ 3,613,795	\$ (63,753)	\$ (53,825)	\$ 3,496,217

## June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 5 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

Changes to compensated absences balances for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

 alance 1, 2021			eletions	 alance 30, 2022	_	urrent ortion	Long-term Portion		
\$ 32,974	\$	38,729	\$	(43,949)	\$ 27,754	\$	13,877	\$	13,877

#### **NOTE 6 – LOAN PAYABLE**

Changes in the loan payable balance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Balance July 1, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Current Portion	Long-term Portion		
\$ 1,076,249	\$ -	\$ (228,563)	\$ 847,686	\$ 79,472	\$ 768,214		

On June 3, 2013, the District refinanced the loan payable, which was originally issued to finance a purchase of 67 acres of land adjacent to the Escondido cemetery location, and was refinanced to lower the loan's interest rate as well as finance an additional \$395,210 to purchase additional capital assets. The loan is scheduled to mature on July 1, 2027 at an interest rate of 3.20%. Principal and interest payments are payable semi-annually on July 1<sup>st</sup> and January 1<sup>st</sup>. The schedule of future loan payments that the District is required to make is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	79,472	28,358	107,830		
2024	161,512	23,311	184,823		
2025	166,719	18,102	184,821		
2026	172,098	12,725	184,823		
2027	177,650	7,174	184,824		
2028	90,235	1,444	91,679		
Total	847,686	\$ 91,114	\$ 938,800		
Current	(79,472)				
Long-term	\$ 768,214				

#### NOTE 7 – NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2022, the net investment in capital assets was calculated as follows:

Description		Balance			
Net investment in capital assets:					
Capital assets – not being depreciated	\$	2,591,506			
Capital assets, net – being depreciated		904,711			
Loan payable – current portion		(79,472)			
Loan payable – non-current portion		(768,214)			
Total net investment in capital assets		2,648,531			

#### **NOTE 8 – FUND BALANCES**

At June 30, 2022, fund balances of the District's governmental funds were classified as follows:

Description	General Fund		Special Revenue Pre-Need Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Permanent Fund Endowment Care		Total Governmental Funds	
<b>Restricted:</b> Nonexpendable – endowment principal Expendable - endowment care – maintenance Expendable – pre-need funding	\$	-	\$	- - 6,189,053	\$	-	\$	4,028,469 1,132,917 -	\$	4,028,469 1,132,917 6,189,053
Total restricted		-		6,189,053		-		5,161,386		11,350,439
Committed: Capital improvements						701,909				701,909
Assigned: Compensated absences		79,472		-		-		-		79,472
Unassigned		1,491,443		_		-		-		1,491,443
Total fund balances	\$	1,570,915	\$	6,189,053	\$	701,909	\$	5,161,386	\$	13,623,263

The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires an identification of funds for economic uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than six months of general fund operating expenditures. These funds can be a combination of unassigned, assigned and committed funds that are available for the fiscal year.

#### **NOTE 9 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

At June 30, 2022, interfund transfers of the District's governmental funds were made as follows

		1	Revenue		Capital	
	General	I	Pre-Need	I	Projects	
Description	 Fund		Fund		Fund	 Total
Pre-need funds utilized for interment services	\$ 495,460	\$	(495,460)	\$	-	\$ -
Capital outlay support	 (696,664)				696,664	 -
Total transfers	\$ (201,204)	\$	(495,460)	\$	696,664	\$ 

#### **NOTE 10 – DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN**

The District contributes to a Simplified Employee Pension Plan (SEP-IRA) for its employees, which is a qualified defined contribution pension plan under the Internal Revenue Service. The Plan is administered by the District. The District's Board of Trustees has approved the funding of this benefit and may change the percentage as deemed necessary. Contributions to the SEP-IRA for fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 were \$46,730.

#### **NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District is a member of the Special District Risk Management Authority (SDRMA), an intergovernmental risk sharing joint powers authority created to provide self-insurance programs for California special districts. The purpose of the SDRMA is to arrange and administer programs of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage. Further information about the SDRMA is as follows:

A.	Entity	SDRMA				
B.	Purpose	To pool member contributions and realize the advantages of self-insurance				
C.	Participants – Property Liability	As of June 30, 2021 – 499 member	agencies			
D.	Governing board	Seven representatives employed by	/ members			
E.	District payments for FY 2021: Property/Liability policy Workers' compensation policy	\$31,843 \$36,007				
F.	Condensed financial information	June 30, 2021				
	Statement of net position: Total assets Deferred outflows		<b>June 30, 2021</b> \$ 139,860,914 606,052			
	Total liabilities Deferred inflows		73,886,665			
	Net position		\$ 66,343,287			
	Statement of revenues, expenses and Total revenues Total expenses	l changes in net position:	\$    84,001,505 (78,600,852)			
	Change in net position		5,400,653			
	Beginning – net position Ending – net position		60,942,634 \$ 66,343,287			
G.	Member agencies share of year-end	financial position	Not Calculated			

*Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2022* 

#### NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District participated in the liability and property programs of the SDRMA as follows:

• General and auto liability, public officials and employees' errors and omissions: Total risk financing self-insurance limits of \$5,000,000, combined single limit at \$5,000,000 per occurrence. The District purchased additional excess coverage layers for general, auto and public officials' liability, which increases the limits on the insurance coverage noted above.

In addition to the above, the District also has the following insurance coverage:

- Employee dishonesty coverage up to \$1,000,000 per loss includes public employee dishonesty, forgery or alteration and theft, disappearance and destruction coverages.
- Property loss is paid at the replacement cost for property on file, if replaced within three years after the loss, otherwise paid on an actual cash value basis, to a combined total of \$800 million per occurrence, subject to a \$1,000 deductible per occurrence.
- Boiler and machinery coverage for the replacement cost up to \$100 million per occurrence, subject to a \$1,000 deductible per occurrence.
- Public officials' personal liability up to \$1,000,000 each occurrence, with an annual aggregate of \$1,000,000 per each elected/appointed official to which this coverage applies, subject to the terms, with a deductible of \$0 per claim.
- Workers' compensation insurance per statutory requirements and Employer's Liability Coverage up to \$5 million.

Settled claims have not exceeded any of the coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years. There were no reductions in insurance coverage in fiscal year 2022, 2021 and 2020. Liabilities are recorded when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated net of the respective insurance coverage. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). There were no IBNR claims payable as of June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020.

#### **NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### Litigation

In the ordinary course of operations, the District is subject to claims and litigation from outside parties. After consultation with legal counsel, the District believes the ultimate outcome of such matters, if any, will not materially affect its financial condition.

#### **NOTE 13 – CURRENT AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The District has evaluated subsequent events through August 31, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 870,000	\$ 941,445	\$ 71,445
Redevelopment taxes	283,000	298,642	15,642
Charges for services:			
Interment space sales and services	578,300	1,096,470	518,170
Rental income	-	-	-
Investment earnings		(30,949)	(30,949)
Total revenues	1,731,300	2,305,608	574,308
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Salaries and wages	1,138,020	994,062	143,958
Employee benefits	250,295	212,252	38,043
Materials and services	882,985	809,482	73,503
Total expenditures	2,271,300	2,015,796	255,504
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(540,000)	289,812	829,812
<b>Other financing sources(uses):</b> Transfers in/(out)	540,000	(201,204)	(741,204)
Change in fund balance	\$ -	88,608	\$ 88,608
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Fund balance: Beginning of year		1,482,307	
End of year		\$ 1,570,915	

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

# Other Independent Auditors' Report



A Professional Accountancy Corporation

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees North County Cemetery District Escondido, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the North County cemetery District (District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 31, 2022.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Jeff Nigro, CPA, CFE | Elizabeth Nigro, CPA | Shannon Bishop, CPA | Peter Glenn, CPA, CFE | Paul J. Kaymark, CPA

MURRIETA OFFICE 25220 Hancock Avenue, Suite 400, Murrieta, CA 92562 • P: (951) 698-8783 • F: (951) 699-1064 WALNUT CREEK OFFICE 2121 N. California Blvd. Suite 290, Walnut Creek, CA 94596 • P: (844) 557-3111 • F: (844) 557-3444 www.nncpas.com • Licensed by the California Board of Accountancy

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Murrieta, California August 31, 2022